



DADABHOY
INSTITUTE
OF HIGHER
EDUCATION

Name: Sheeraz Ali Maitlo

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TEACHER NAME : MR. IMTIAZ ALI ABRO

MID TERM

Qno1. Relation of Political Science with the other Social Sciences. Statement by 'Aristotle' has called Political Science „The Master Science“ as it deals with human beings who is a social being having many dimensions; historical, political, economical, psychological, sociological etc. discussed above statement given by the 'Aristotle' is it favorite in present era?

Ans. **Aristotle** is regarded as the father of political science. He was a great Greek philosopher. He was the first one to give a working definition of political science. He believed that political science was a powerful and dynamic branch of science.

Political Science is a subject that comprises of numerous subfields including comparative politics, international relations, political economy and political methodology. Political Science measures the success of governance and specific policies by keeping factors such as stability, public wealth, justice, economic growth etc.

Aristotle is called the father of political science because he elaborated the topics and thinking of Ideal state, slavery, revolution, education, citizenship, forms of government, the theory of golden mean, theory of constitution etc. He said these topics are essential for a man to know his surroundings and environment. He also said a famous quoted that 'Everyman is a social and political animal'. His study on these matters and subjects of governance, education, ideology made him confident in political issues. Hence he is regarded as the father of political science.

„**The Master Science**“ as it deals with human beings who is a social being having many dimensions; historical, political, economical, psychological, sociological etc. Political Science is concerned with the political aspect of this social man and his interaction with the various dimensions of his social life economical, social, psychological, sociological, historical etc. One question which comes to mind, therefore, is it correct to call Political Science „the master science“ or is it just one of the social sciences? Until 18th Century specialization of Political Science didn't exist since various aspects of society was studied under single discipline known as „moral philosophy“. In the words of Lipset Until the 18th Century the moral sciences, as the social sciences were then known, possessed greater unity than diversity“. The beginning of 19th century brought industrialization and with it came specialization of social sciences as it became beyond the scope of Political science to study the various aspects of the complicated social phenomenon under a single discipline. Easton writes, “the purely physical need for a division of labour helps to account for the distinctions among the social sciences...the social sciences have grown up as separate disciplines because and only because of this historical necessity. The actual allocation of subject matter to the various disciplines is simply a matter of accident...even though distinctions in social knowledge have existed from the every beginning of human inquiry into the society.

Relation with other Social Science

- 1) **Political Science with Sociology.**
- 2) **Political Science with Psychology.**
- 3) **Political Science with Ethics.**
- 4) **Political Science with Economics.**

Political Science with Sociology.

Sociology is the science which deals with human beings and their social relationship. Political science deals with the political activities of men. Political activities influences and is influenced by the social life of men. Political science studies state, government and power mostly while sociology provides sociological background to the forms of government, the nature of governmental organs, the laws and sphere of the state activities as determined by the social processes. As political science deals with state sociology also studies state as one of the human association. The special study of the political life of society is very important for the complete study of the society as a whole. According to Morris Ginsberg "Historically, Sociology has its main roots in politics and philosophy of history". The state, which is the center of political science in its early stage, was more of a social than political institution.

Sociology depends very much on political science in every respect.

Political Science with Psychology.

Political science and psychology are closely related to each other and their merging has given rise to a new discipline called „political psychology“ which tries to use theories and facts to explain and understand political problems. The State and its political institutions are the products of the human mind and can best be understood in terms of the mind. Thus, Barker says, "The application of the psychological clue to the riddles of human activity has indeed become the fashion of the day.

Political Science with Ethics.

Both Political Science and Ethics aim at the noble and righteous life of man, yet the former is primarily Concerned with the political governance of man whereas the latter refers to man's Conduct and morality; that is, whereas Political Science deals with political order, Ethics deals with moral order. Moral laws prescribe absolute standards of right and Wrong, justice and injustice, but the laws of the State follow standard of expediency.

Political Science with Economics.

Both political science and economics is concerned with the welfare of Mankind and his relationship with the society and hence Adam Smith regarded them As parts of the same subject. Sir James Stewart believes that there exist the same Relationship between Economics and Political Science as exist between the thrift and The family. To quote him, "what economy is in the family, political economy is in the word.

Conclusion.

Thus political science borrowed many theories and concepts, methods and Techniques from other social sciences. For example decision making theory from Organizational field, structural functional approach from sociology and anthropology, Action theory from sociology, system analysis from communication sciences etc. Even New concepts like political culture, political socialization, political communication, Political development etc are being adopted and hence emphasis is being laid on the Study of community power structure. Hence one could say that it is this so called Behavioral revolution in social science and the growth of empirical enquiry to the Issues of politics which has given rise to the interdisciplinary approach in political Science. The following section deals with the relation of political science with some of The other social sciences.